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THE WEEKLY HERALD.
A large eight page paper giving the local events of the week, published every Saturday. Just the paper to send friends for information regarding El Paso. Price \$2.00 per year—six months \$1.00.

JUDGE WAYMIRE, of San Francisco, is a cabinet possibility.

FRED GRANT is frank: instead of denying like others, he says, "Yes, I would like to be in the cabinet. But will I get a call? Nit."

The prize fighters go into a brace game whenever they accept the offers of a San Francisco club whose managers have large sums bet on the results.

An ordinance has been passed by the New York board of aldermen prohibiting bicyclists from carrying children under 5 years old on their wheels, and fixing a penalty of \$10 for each offense.

The Salem Gazette of Massachusetts, is now coming to this office. We have looked over several of the papers and find no reports of witch burning. The people up there have evidently reformed.

VERY many El Paso women do their shopping in eastern cities, through the mails, even as to many little staple articles and goods to be found here in sufficient variety and as cheap as in larger cities. It is a habit, or a fad with many of them to send away. It drains the city of much money earned here by their husbands from the people of El Paso and should be stopped. The husbands ought to organize a protection club and put combination locks on their pockets to stop this financial denigration.

THE San Antonio Daily Light, the best, and only republican daily paper in Texas except the El Paso HERALD, says: "The growth of republicanism in Texas is an uncertainty, depending entirely upon the manner in which that growth is estimated. That the principles of republicanism are taking root in the kindly soil of this great state is as certain as that progress is the order of the human mind, but that republican candidates are going to receive more votes on that account is not so certain, for the republican sentiment has no wisdom of organization to aid it to expression. What the state needs is home organization, less pie hunting on the part of those who style themselves republicans and a putting of party needs before personal preference."

WHY NOT AT EL PASO?

The pertinent suggestion has been made in this city, why not have the irrigation congress of next year in El Paso? Phoenix has it this year, Albuquerque had it the year before, and now it should be El Paso's turn to have the irrigation congress in 1897.

One great reason also why the next irrigation congress should hold its 1897 sessions in El Paso is the fact that this is shortly to become one of the greatest irrigation centers in the entire west. El Paso is to have the great international dam with a storage lake 15 miles long by from 3 to 7 miles broad, and a depth averaging from 25 to 35 feet, except in the immediate vicinity of the dam where the water will be quite deep. There will not be another irrigation reservoir in the country with such a storage capacity, and the land to be irrigated tends from this city on both sides of the river clear to Fort Quitman. Moreover, the Selden dam being built by the English company will irrigate territory southward to the upper floodgate of the international reservoir, and is therefore properly within the territory tributary to El Paso. This gives additional importance to El Paso as an irrigation center, and altogether the town is becoming noted among those interested in irrigation enterprises.

By another year, the White Oaks road, or an extension of some trunk line through the White Oaks country, will be started from this city, the Corralitos road will have been built, the Rock Island will be running into El Paso, and the town on a steady march forward. Then there ought to be quite a good attendance of Mexican land owners from the south side of the river, which will make the sessions more interesting than ever. By persistent work on the part of the Texas and southern New Mexico delegates the irrigation congress for next year can be brought to El Paso.

JOHN W. FOSTER, ex-secretary of state, has returned from Hawaii where he went to secure a concession for a cable. He states that the people are anxious for the island to be annexed to the United States, even the natives approving of it. He says that the condition of business in Hawaii is flourishing. The islands are prosperous, and their future is bright. The Pacific Mail has recently doubled its service, sending a steamer twice a month instead of once, as formerly, and a new line is soon expected to be established by the Japanese, which will touch at the islands on the way to San Francisco. The present government has the approval of a majority of the native Hawaiians, and there is no likelihood that there ever will be a restoration of the monarchy. The English and German element, however, are opposed to annexation to the United States, because they believe it will interfere with their contract labor, and so affect their interests commercially. The present government, in its administration, is giving satisfaction, yet this government is only temporary. The members of the government are pledged to annexation, and the present constitution of the republic expresses this expectation. So it is the general belief that the matter should be decided at an early date, if possible.

The talk of a currency commission at Washington, which was heard a good deal last year is being renewed. It may be remembered that at the last session of congress, Representative Heatwole, of Minnesota, introduced a resolution providing for a non-partisan currency commission. By its terms the president was to appoint nine citizens, eminent in trade, political economy and banking to act with the controller of the currency as a commission of experts to offer recommendations for needed changes in the present inadequate banking and currency system of the United States and to report its recommendations to congress. This resolution, it is now said, may be pressed during the coming session of congress, and especially, in view of the fact that considerable discussion has been engendered as to currency legislation in the next congress. It is known that the banking and currency committee of the house, to whom the Heatwole resolution was referred, was not favorably impressed with it, because the committee believed itself competent to evolve a satisfactory currency scheme. As nothing was accomplished in the last session, it is now possible that a currency commission may be looked upon with favor.—Two Republics.

HON. BURKE COCKRAN of New York who did yeoman service for sound money in the recent campaign, takes broad views of the situation today. "We are bound," he says to the democratic Honest Money League, "to recognize that the republican party has been the party of victory, and we are bound to support the republican policy because when they have had a trial of their policy, we will know where we stand. We have chosen a protectionist with our eyes wide open. The republican party owes us nothing. We as patriots, had nothing else to do but sustain the platform that party made for us." Mr. Cockran further declared that he was "tired of masquerading as a tariff reformer, and would never again be found before the public in that role. Many other democrats will agree with Mr. Cockran, especially in his tariff resolve. The "reform" or free trade idea is fast losing caste among thoughtful men of all parties.

THE New York Sun's investigation of the late electoral result in Tennessee makes it clear that McKinley and the republican nominee for governor were beaten by intimidation and fraud. In the jugglery of the count 14,000 republican votes were reduced to 4000. In every large place hundreds of McKinley men were kept waiting until the polls closed, and violence was used toward watchers and clerks. Had the result of the election hinged on Tennessee the turmoil of the present time might have paralyzed all business and brought back the dangers and vicissitudes of 1876, when Tilden tried to capture the presidency by buying up returning boards. That the country escaped such a calamity is no fault of the Tennessee fusionists, who gave a more extreme illustration than the white leagues of Mississippi ever did of the mockery of fair play and honest balloting which has made politics notorious in the south ever since the close of reconstruction.—San Francisco Chronicle.

WE have the word of Mr. Cleveland's commissioner of navigation that the imposition of a 10 per cent discriminating duty on cargoes brought into the country in foreign bottoms would increase the revenue by nearly \$80,000,000, and we know, by the former experience of the United States, that such a measure would be beneficial in other ways. From the emergency tariff, as laid down in the Dingley bill, \$40,000,000 could be had. That makes just the amount of the annual deficit as shown by the treasury report for the first three months of the present year.

Grief has been caused throughout El Paso by a sad accident to Prince Eitel Frederick, the second son of Emperor William. Some three months ago, while leaping from his horse, the little prince injured himself so badly that he will be lame during his lifetime. That the lad's career should be thus blighted is particularly sad, since he is the most popular and perhaps the cleverest of the emperor's six sons, and he may be called upon some day to become emperor, his elder brother not being a very robust lad. Prince Eitel is 13 years old.

FOR THE TABLE.

Some Dishes That Are Truly Palatable, Yet Easily Prepared.

Veal Roast With Tomatoes.—Wash a fresh, tender roast of veal, and it will, salt and pepper it and dredge with flour on both sides. Lay it in a baking pan with hot water enough to nearly cover it, and roast for an hour, basting with the gravy every ten or fifteen minutes. Then turn on the other side, and to the roast add a quart of peeled and mashed tomatoes, two or three onions chopped fine, two sprigs of parsley chopped fine and black pepper. Pour this mixture over the top and baste for another hour every ten minutes, adding boiling water as needed. Serve hot with rice cooked dry.

Deviled Lobster.—Chop the meat finely of a boiled lobster, after removing the obnoxious portions, keeping the coral by itself. Season the minced meat with cayenne, mustard, and some favorite sauce pungent in quality, salt and stir well together. Mix the coral smooth with strong vinegar till of a creamy consistency. Put the meat into a granite stew pan, with sufficient water to prevent burning. Bring to a boil, add a tablespoonful of butter and the prepared coral. When it all boils up remove from the fire.

Scalloped Eggs.—Boil one dozen eggs hard, cut same lengthwise in halves, slicing half off the bottom to make them stand. Extract the yolks, rub to a smooth paste with a little butter melted, cayenne pepper, a little mustard and a dash of vinegar. Fill the hollowed whites with this paste. Chop cress, season with pepper, salt, vinegar and sugar. Spread same about two inches thick on a platter and lay the eggs thereon in rotation. Can use lettuce or cabbage instead of cress.

Scalloped Sweet Potatoes.—A dish of scalloped sweet potatoes is delicious. Peel, wash and slice them in thin slices, put a layer of them in a large pudding dish, sprinkle salt over them, with a very little powdered cracker crumbs, and put a bit of butter on top. Repeat the layers of the sliced potatoes, cracker crumbs, salt and butter, until the dish is full. Don't be sparing of the butter, as this requires more than the scallop of white potatoes. Pour in milk enough to nearly cover and bake until nicely browned.

Sweet Potatoes Creamed.—Boil the potatoes, when cool enough peel and cut in half lengthwise, then cut each half in three long pieces. Place on a tin in a hot oven, sprinkle with salt and put two spoonfuls of butter in the pan; when they have been in a few minutes pour over them a cupful of sweet cream. When it is hot pour the creamed potatoes into a vegetable dish and serve.

Cocoanut Pudding.—Cream one cupful of sugar with the yolks of six eggs, and stir in one-half pound of grated cocoanut (fresh grated is better than the desiccated), one pint of rich milk, and one-half cupful of stale sponge cake crumbs. Two spoonfuls of vanilla, and the whites of three eggs, well frothed. Put in the oven and bake for 45 minutes. Add to the top of the pudding a meringue made of the whites of the other three eggs, beaten stiff into which has been stirred one-half cupful of powdered sugar. Let this brown slightly, then serve.—St. Louis Republic.

Wheat Bread in England.

It is only within recent years that wheaten bread has become a staple article of food among the laboring classes of England—in fact, some parts of the country still maintain the use of oats and barley in various forms in preference to wheat. In 1317 there was a great wheat harvest in England and the price suddenly dropped from 80 shillings to 6 shillings 8 pence a quarter. In proof, the following from Eden's "History of the Poor" published 100 years ago, may be quoted: "So small was the quantity of wheat used in the county of Cumberland (England) that it was only a rich family that used a peck of wheat in the course of the year, and that was used at Christmas."

The Cheerful Idiot.

"I wonder why fat people are so universally good natured?" queried the "spulative" boarder.

"For the reason," answered the cheerful idiot, "that it would take a fat man so much longer to get mad and clear through."—Indianapolis Journal.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and excite, no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alternative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding Nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents and \$1.00 per bottle at W. A. Irvin & Co's wholesale & retail drug store, El Paso.

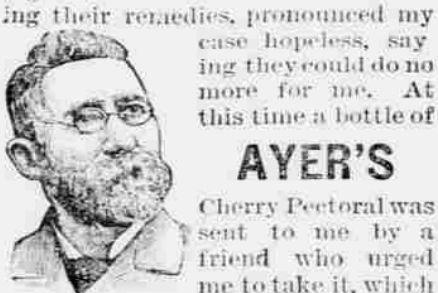
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Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and poison the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

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"Saved My Life"

A VETERAN'S STORY.
"Several years ago, while in Fort Snelling, Minn., I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough, that allowed me no rest day or night. The doctors after exhausting their remedies, pronounced my case hopeless, saying they could do no more for me. At this time a bottle of



I did, and soon after I was greatly relieved, and in a short time was completely cured. I have never had much of a cough since that time, and I firmly believe Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved my life."—W. H. WARD, 8 Quimby Av., Lowell, Mass.

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AYER'S PILLS cure Indigestion and Headache.

SOCIETY DIRECTORY

Masonic.

El Paso Lodge, No. 130, A. F. & A. M. Meets every first and third Wednesday at Masonic hall, El Paso street. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

A. KAPLAN, Secretary.

El Paso Chapter, No. 157, R. A. M. Meets the second Wednesday of each month at Masonic hall. Visiting companions cordially invited.

GEO. F. TILTON, E. C.

A. KAPLAN, Secretary.

El Paso Commandery, No. 15, K. T. Meets fourth Wednesday of each month at Masonic hall. Visiting Sir Knights cordially invited.

GEO. F. TILTON, E. C.

W. E. RACE, Recorder.

Alpha Chapter No. 178, O. E. S. S. S.

Regular meetings second and fourth Saturdays of each month. Sojourning members of the order cordially invited.

MRS. CATHERINE C. CHASE, J. A. SMITH, Worthy Patron.

I. O. O. F.

El Paso Lodge, No. 284, I. O. O. F. Meeting Every Monday Night.

P. M. MILLER, Secretary.

Border Lodge 374, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Tuesday night.

W. L. WATSON, A. M. BAKER, N. G. Secretary.

Canton del Paso, No. 4, Patriarchs' Militant.

Sign of meeting second and fourth Thursdays in Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

W. E. SHARP, Clerk.

Mt. Franklin Encampment, I. O. O. F.

Sign of meeting first and third Thursdays at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

P. M. MILLER, Secretary.

Miscellaneous

National Union. Meets fourth Thursday in each month at Odd Fellows' hall. J. W. BROWN, Pres. J. W. WILKINSON, Secretary.

Knights of Honor.

Meets second and fourth Thursdays of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

E. A. SHELTON, Dictator.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

Meets every Sunday at 10 a. m. at Labor hall. Visiting members welcome.

FRED WEIDENBECK, Rec. and Sec.

Woodmen of the World.

Tornillo Camp, No. 12. Meets every second and fourth Tuesday each month at their forest. G. A. R. hall, 7 p. m. sharp. Sovereigns and strangers cordially invited.

TERRY PEARCE, Clerk.

Knights of Labor.

Gate City Assembly (L. A. 3041). Meets every Friday evening at the hall corner San Antonio and N. Stanton streets.

R. J. BAKER, R. P.

B. F. O. E.

El Paso Lodge, No. 157. Meets first and third Tuesdays in Odd Fellows' hall.

H. R. WOOD, E. E. J. F. DONOHUE, Secretary.

A. O. U. W.

Meets in G. A. R. hall on the first and third Tuesdays in each month. Visiting brothers cordially invited.

FRED WIDMAN, M. W. G. C. KEIFER, Recorder.

Foresters of America.

COURT ROBIN HOOD No. 1. Meets first and third Wednesday night of each month at Odd Fellows' hall.

Wm. Rheinheimer, C. R. H. COLLINDER, Secretary.

Fire Department.

Board of Fire Directors meets every second Wednesday of each month at the hall corner San Antonio and N. Stanton streets.

K. of P.

El Paso Lodge, No. 92. Regular meetings every Friday night at 8 o'clock, over Benke's hardware store. Sojourning Knights will receive a cordial welcome.

H. COLLINDER, E. R. S.

Bliss Lodge No. 221, K. of P.

Regular meeting every Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting knights welcome.

J. J. O. ARMSTRONG, B. F. COVENS, A. of K. & S.

Colored Knights of Pythias.

Myrtle Lodge, No. 10. Regular meeting every Wednesday evening at Union Labor hall over Bader's grocery store. Sojourning Knights respectfully invited to attend.

W. H. SCOTT, C. C.

G. A. R.

Emmett Crawford Post, No. 10, G. A. R. Meets 1st Sunday of each month at 9:30 a. m. in Hall on San Antonio street. All comrades of good standing invited to visit the post.

GEO. R. HARTY, G. C. F. E. TUSTEN, Adjutant.

POSTOFFICE ROUTE.

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ARRIVE	CLOSE
G. H. & S. A.	2:45 p. m.
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Tex. & Pac.	3:45 p. m.
Southern Pacific	4:05 p. m.
San Antonio & N. Stanton	4:30 p. m.
Silver City Local	5:00 p. m.

The general delivery window is open from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. except while eastern mail is being distributed.

Money order and registry windows are open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Sundays the general delivery and carriers' windows will be open from 10 a. m. to 12 p. m., except when mails are heavy or late, in either case the window will open on completion or distribution.

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